Early Journal Content on JSTOR, Free to Anyone in the World

This article is one of nearly 500,000 scholarly works digitized and made freely available to everyone in the world by JSTOR.

Known as the Early Journal Content, this set of works include research articles, news, letters, and other writings published in more than 200 of the oldest leading academic journals. The works date from the mid-seventeenth to the early twentieth centuries.

We encourage people to read and share the Early Journal Content openly and to tell others that this resource exists. People may post this content online or redistribute in any way for non-commercial purposes.

Read more about Early Journal Content at http://about.jstor.org/participate-jstor/individuals/early-journal-content.

JSTOR is a digital library of academic journals, books, and primary source objects. JSTOR helps people discover, use, and build upon a wide range of content through a powerful research and teaching platform, and preserves this content for future generations. JSTOR is part of ITHAKA, a not-for-profit organization that also includes Ithaka S+R and Portico. For more information about JSTOR, please contact support@jstor.org.

sat, lag, tag, svik, vik bei der bildung des stammes aufserdem den vokal umwandeln, so dafs wir hier, wie man auch diese umwandlungen der vokale auffassen mag, gleichzeitig zwei verstärkungen vor uns haben, von denen nur die eine der 4ten klasse des sanskrit entspricht.

Stettin, den 23. januar 1861. H. Grafsmann.

(Dritte abhandlung folgt.)

Nachtrag zu VII, 224; ë als i-vocal im althochdeutschen.

6. ahd. ëssa, mhd. und nhd. ësse für *ës-ta nach bekannten lautgesetzen aus einer grundform idh-ta (vergl. wëssa für und neben wësta, grundform zunächst *wid--dhâ, ahd. *wiȝ-ta) zu wurz. urspr. idh (accendere, ardere), die auch in eit (ignis), grundform aidha-s oder, falls es neutrum ist, aidha-m, eitar, grundf. aidh-ra-m vorliegt.

7. wëhhâ (woche), wëh-sal beide zu wurzel wih (in wîhhan) vergl. lat. vices u. s. f.

Jena. Aug. Schleicher.